

编译原理 - 作业(2) : 语法分析 LL

截至时间 : 2021.4.12/周二 上课前 (14:20)

提交方式 : 超算习堂 (<https://easyhpc.net/course/144>)

Q1: (p206, Exercise 4.2.1) Consider the context-free grammar:

$$S \rightarrow S S + \mid S S * \mid a$$

and the string $aa + a^*$.

- Give the leftmost derivation for the string.
- Give the rightmost derivation for the string.
- Give a parse tree for the string.
- Is the grammar ambiguous or unambiguous? Justify your answer.
- Describe the language generated by this grammar.

Q2: (p216, Exercise 4.3.1) The following is a grammar for regular expressions over symbols a and b only, using $+$ in place of \mid for union, to avoid conflict with the use of vertical bar as a metasymbol in grammars:

$$\begin{aligned} rexpr &\rightarrow rexpr + rterm \mid rterm \\ rterm &\rightarrow rterm rfactor \mid rfactor \\ rfactor &\rightarrow rfactor * \mid rprimary \\ rprimary &\rightarrow a \mid b \end{aligned}$$

- Left factor this grammar.
- Does left factoring make the grammar suitable for top-down parsing?
- In addition to left factoring, eliminate left recursion from the original grammar.
- Is the resulting grammar suitable for top-down parsing?

Q3: Construct LL(1) parse table of the following grammar. Note: please list the detailed steps.

$$\begin{aligned} E &\rightarrow -E \\ E &\rightarrow (E) \mid \text{Var } T \\ T &\rightarrow -E \mid \varepsilon \\ \text{Var} &\rightarrow \text{id } V \\ V &\rightarrow (E) \mid \varepsilon \end{aligned}$$

Q4: Check whether the following G[S] grammar is an LL(1) grammar:

$$\begin{aligned} E &\rightarrow T E' \\ E' &\rightarrow A T E' \mid \varepsilon \\ T &\rightarrow F T' \\ T' &\rightarrow M F T' \mid \varepsilon \\ F &\rightarrow (E) \mid i \\ A &\rightarrow + \mid - \\ M &\rightarrow * \mid / \end{aligned}$$